

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

THE Undersigned has THIS DAY ADD

his Commission and Godown Business  
of SHARE and GENERAL BROKERAGE  
HONGKONG, 21st April, 1886. [829]

ROBERT LYALL.

NOTICE.

THE INTEREST AND RESPONSIBILITY OF MR.  
NUSSERWANJEE B. RUTTONJEE  
TATA, DECEASED, and M. DORABJI  
RURJOREE AVASIA (TATA), CREASED in  
a Firm on the 31st October, 1883, and 7th  
November, 1883, respectively.

HONGKONG, 21st April, 1886. [830]

TATA & Co.

NOTICE.

I HAVE Established myself as MERCHANT  
under the Name and Firm of DORABJI  
TATA & Co.

D. B. TATA.

HONGKONG, 20th April, 1886. [831]

THE HONGKONG CANTON, AND  
MACAO STEAMSHIP COMPANY.  
LIMITED.

A GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the registered Office of the above Company, No. 7, Raffles Place, Victoria, Hongkong, on FRIDAY, the 7th day of May, 1886, at O'CLOCK in the AFTERNOON, for the purpose of confirming the Special Resolution proposed and passed at the last Meeting of the Shareholders held on the 20th day of April, 1886.

Dated this 20th day of April, 1886.  
 By Order of the Board of Directors,  
 T. H. WOLD,  
 Secretary.

**BANK HOLIDAYS.**

IN accordance with Ordinance No. 8 of 1875, the Undenominated Banks will be CLOSED on the Transaction of Public Business, on FRIDAY, the 23rd April, and MONDAY, the 24th April.

FOR THE CHARTERED MERCHANTILE BANK OF  
 INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.  
 GEO. D. SCOTT.

FOR THE CHINESE BANKING TRADING AND  
TRADE AND CHINA  
T. H. WHITEHEAD,  
Acting Manager, Hongkong.  
FOR THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING  
CORPORATION  
JOHN WALTER,  
Acting Chief Manager.  
FOR THE COMPLOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS,  
C. C. INOEBALD,  
Agent.  
FOR THE NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION,  
LIMITED  
H. A. HERBERT,  
Manager, Hongkong.  
Hongkong, 21st April, 1885. 1883

PUBLIC AUCTION.

MRS. ANNE CRAWFORD & Co. will Sell by

On the 24th April, 1886, at 2 O'CLOCK P.M., at the  
 Office of H. L. DALRYMPLE, Esq.,  
 Queen's Road Central,  
 THE WHOLE OF HIS  
 OFFICE FURNITURE,  
 Consisting of  
 DESKS, TABLES, CHAIRS, COPYING  
 PRESSES, WHATNOT, CRUBB'S SAFE,  
 &c., &c.  
 Also,  
 6 CASES TATHAM'S OLD BRANDY.  
 1 Case SHERRY.  
 A FEW PIECES of JAPANESE COPPER.  
 &c., &c.  
 TERMS of SALE.—Cash before delivery.  
 LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.,  
 Auctioneers.  
 Hongkong, 20th April, 1886.

**HONGKONG.**  
**PROBATE JURISDICTION.**

**IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF JOHN GERRARD, formerly First Clerk in the Registrar General's Department, Hongkong, and late of The Square Tarriff in the County of Aberdeen in that part of Great Britain called Scotland Fensmore, Deceased.**

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the Honourable the Chief Justice has, in Virtue of Section 2 of Ordinance No. 9 of 1870, made an Order limiting to the 10th day of July, 1886, as the time for the Claims to be shown to the Registrar against the Estate of JOHN GERRARD, formerly First Clerk in the Registrar General's Department, Hongkong, and late of The Square Tarriff in the County of Aberdeen

NOTICE is also given of the Undersigned  
Prior to the said 19th day of July, 1886, o  
no notice will be taken of them.  
All Persons indebted to the above Estate are  
requested to make immediate payment to the  
Undersigned.

Dated the 10th day of April, 1886.

SHAEP, JOHNSON, & STOKES,  
Solicitors for the Administrator with the

**INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.**

**FOR SHANGHAI**  
(Taking Cargo and Passengers at through rate for CHEFOO, TIENTSIN, NEWCHWANG, HANKOW and Ports on the YANGTZE).

**THE Company's Steamship**

**"FOOKSANG"**  
Captain Hogg, will be despatched as above TO-MORROW, the 22nd inst., at FOUR P.M.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to  
**JARDINE, MATHIESON & Co.,**  
General Managers.  
Hongkong, 26th April, 1880. [S2]

**FOR SHANGHAI.**  
**THE Steamship**

Captain G. Housermann, will be despatched to the above Port TO-MORROW, the 22nd inst at FOUR P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to  
HONGKONG, 21st April, 1886. 1886

THE S/S A.I. American Ship

"JOSEPHUS"

W. A. Rogers, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to  
HONGKONG, 21st April, 1886. 1886

"THE HARDEN'S STATE"  
ON FIRE

BY ORDER OF H. E. THE OFFICER ADMIN-  
ISTERING THE GOVERNMENT, GOVERNMENT  
HOUSE has been fitted with the above.  
E. CLARK,  
Hongkong Hotel,  
Hongkong, 22nd March, 1886.



## FOR SALE.

1898. NOW READY. 1898.

## THE CHINA DIRECTORY.

With which is incorporated THE CHINA DIRECTORY.

(Twenty-Fourth Annual, 1898).

ROYAL OCTAVO, pp. 132 with plan \$3.00.

SMALLER EDITION, pp. 72, \$2.00.

THE CHRONICLE AND DIRECTORY

has been thoroughly revised and brought up to date, and is again much increased in bulk.

It contains DESCRIPTIVE and STATISTICAL

ACCOUNTS of, and DIRECTIONS to, HONGKONG—

Do. LADIES' DIRECTORY, HONGKONG.

Do. MILITARY FORCES, HONGKONG.

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## INTIMATION.

NEW KINDS OF

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS,

ENGLISH CUT GLASS BOTTLES,

DOULTON WARE,

AND

FANCY GOODS.

LEFT OVER FROM XMAS,

will be sold at

REDUCED PRICES

during the continuance of this advertisement

A. S. WATSON &amp; CO.,

LIMITED.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

HONGKONG, 20th February, 1898.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Communications on Editorial matters should be

addressed "The Editor," and those on business "The

Manager," and not to individuals by name.

Correspondents are requested to forward their names

and addresses with communications addressed to the

Editor, not for publication, but as evidence of good

faith.

All letters for publication should be written on one

side of the paper only.

Advertisements and subscriptions which are not

ordered for a fixed period will be continued until

countermanded.

Orders for extra copies of the Daily Press should be

sent before 11 a.m. on the day of publication.

After that hour no supply is limited.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, APRIL 21st, 1898.

The association of Upper Burma has

furnished the Anti-Opium Society with a

pretext for a fresh representation to the British

Government. On the 4th ult. a deputation

from the Society waited upon Lord Kinnear,

Secretary of State for India, to whom

they presented an address praying that

the beginning of British possession of Upper

Burma the Government would absolutely

prohibit the importation of opium or the growth

of the poppy. No opinion is or has been, we

believe, given in Lower Burma, and Lord

Kinnear was able to announce that the

measures taken by the Government had not

been ineffectual in checking the consumption

of the drug. The Burmese are, like the Chi-

nese, addicted to the use of opium, and

it is probably almost impossible to

suppress it altogether. We are at one

with the Society, however, in hoping

that the Government will do everything

in their power to discourage the practices of

opium smoking and opium eating among the

Burmese. That race are not such inveterate

smokers as the Chinese, and the vice is, ac-

cording to the latest statistics, decreas-

ing among them. Whether or not pro-

hibition of the importation of opium into

Burma would be effective or justifi-

able is, however, a question that admits

of some argument. The drug is undoubt-

edly a luxury, and it seems to us that the

British Government has no more right to

prohibit opium in Burma than they have

to prohibit it in England. At the same time,

knowing that its effects are generally speak-

ing prejudicial, especially when eaten, they

will do well to discourage and disentan-

gle it as every possible way. Lord Kinnear

promised the Society he would bring their

views before the Viceroy, and he felt quite

certain that there would be a most careful

examination of the state of affairs in Upper

Burma and a reconsideration probably of

the subject. The annexation of Upper

Lower Burma in itself made a considerable

change in the whole situation, and it might

be possible that this might bring about some

change in the arrangements of the Govern-

ment. It is to be hoped, however, that no

policy of prohibition will be rashly or hastily

adopted, for it probably would have the effect

of creating an extensive contraband trade in

the drug over the border from Yunnan,

where it is so largely produced.

As was to be expected, the Anti-Opium

Society could not refrain from repeating

their usual and oft-repeated charge of Eng-

land having forced opium on to China. This

antiquated and erroneous statement appears

to have somewhat irritated Lord Kinnear,

who called their attention to the fact that

probably two-thirds of the province of Yun-

nan was devoted to the cultivation of opium,

and denied the correctness of the charge that

the drug was forced upon China. With the

following paragraphs of the Society's ad-

dress, however, we are bound to express a

general concurrence:—

Your Lordship will forgive us for pointing out the

arrogance and, as we conceive, untenable position in

which the Indian Government will find itself placed

when it insists that the Chinese Government on a common

frontier, between Burma and Yunnan. For the

protection of its own revenue, and because the

greater part of its opium revenue is derived from

the sale of opium, the Government of China

insists that the passage of opium from China

into its territory, while by virtue of a treaty

with China it demands entrance of its own opium

into China at a comparatively low duty. Yunnan

opium entering China is sold at a price which

is well below the price at which it is sold in

Yunnan, and the Chinese Government is only too

willing to supply the Chinese market with opium

at a price which is well below the price at which

it is sold in Yunnan, and the Chinese Govern-

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